

### Health in Action Project



# **Fast Food Advertisements**

**Pillar: Healthy Eating** 

Division: II Grade Level: 3-6

**Core Curriculum Connections: English Language Arts** 

**I. Rationale:** Ideally, we should all eat healthy, well-balanced, home-cooked meals the majority of the time. Realistically, due to modern technology, convenience, and a fast-paced, busy lifestyle, often families are eating meals on the go, frequently at fast food establishments. Therefore, the objective of this lesson is not to promote eating fast food, but rather to equip children with the knowledge they require to make healthier choices allowing them to exercise more control over 'what' they eat at times when they may not have control over 'where' they eat. This activity enables students to learn more about the nutritional value of fast food by researching nutritional guides from local fast food restaurants. Based on this research, students will compare menus for nutritional values and create healthy and unhealthy meal advertisement posters. Students will analyze nutritional data from fast food restaurant menus in conjunction with teacher led discussion concerning healthy foods. Students will use this background information and the Canada Food Guide to create healthy/unhealthy meals. Instead of planning healthy meals for families at home, fast food restaurants can be a way to motivate students to make wise decisions when they are eating away from home, because it is an experience they all can relate to. This lesson could be incorporated into a thematic unit on advertising, making choices, nutrition, or included on its own as a way to meet the language arts outcomes based on researching, compiling, and presenting information in a pre-determined format.

## **II. Activity Objectives:**

The students will be able to:

- develop an awareness of healthy eating.
- recognize the connection between healthy eating and well-being.
- understand the nutritional value of foods available to them, so that they can make healthier choices.

## III. Curriculum Outcomes: Language Arts (Grades 4-6)

Outcomes	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6
<b>General Outcome 3</b>	· ask relevant questions, and	· identify categories of	· decide on and select the
Students will listen,	respond to questions related	information related to	information needed to
speak, read, write,	to particular topics	particular topics, and ask	support a point of view
view and represent to	$\cdot$ ask relevant questions, and	questions related to each	
manage ideas and	respond to questions related	category	
information	to particular topics	· identify categories of	
3.1 Plan and Focus		information related to	
Determine		particular topics, and ask	
information needs		questions	

Plan to gather information	· develop and follow a class plan for accessing and gathering ideas and information	· develop and follow own plan for gathering and recording ideas and information	· develop and follow own plan for accessing and gathering ideas and information, considering guidelines for time and length of investigation and presentation
3.2 Select and Process Use a variety of sources	· locate information to answer research questions using a variety of sources	· locate information to answer research questions using a variety of sources	· locate information to answer research questions using a variety of sources, such as printed texts and the Internet
Access information	<ul> <li>use a variety of tools, such as indices, legends, charts, glossaries, to access information</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>use a variety of tools, such as chapter headings, glossaries and encyclopedia guide words, to access information</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>use a variety of tools, such as electronic searches and technology, to access information</li> <li>skim, scan and read closely to gather information</li> </ul>
3.3 Organize, Record and Evaluate Organize information	· organize ideas and information using appropriate categories, chronological order, cause and effect, or posing and answering questions · record ideas and information that are on topic · organize oral, print and other media texts into sections that relate to and develop the topic	· use clear organizational structures, such as chronological order, and cause and effect, to link ideas and information and to assist audience understanding · organize ideas and information to emphasize key points for the audience · add, delete or combine ideas to communicate more effectively	· organize ideas and information using a variety of strategies and techniques, such as comparing and contrasting, and classifying and sorting according to subtopics and sequence · organize and develop ideas and information into oral, print or other media texts with introductions that interest audiences and state the topic, sections that develop the topic and conclusions
Record information	· make notes of key words, phrases and images by subtopics; cite titles and authors of sources alphabetically	· record ideas and information in relevant categories, according to research plan	· make notes on a topic, combining information from more than one source; use reference sources appropriately
Evaluate information	· examine gathered information to identify if more information is required; review new understanding	· connect gathered information to prior knowledge to reach new conclusions	· evaluate the appropriateness of information for a particular audience and purpose
3.4 Share and Review  Share ideas and information	· communicate ideas and information in a variety of oral, print and other media texts, such as short reports, talks and posters · select visuals, print and/or other media to add interest and to engage the audience	· communicate ideas and information in a variety of oral, print and other media texts, such as illustrated reports, charts, graphic displays and travelogues · select visuals, print and/or other media to inform and	communicate ideas and information in a variety of oral, print and other media texts     select appropriate visuals, print and/or other media to inform and engage the audience

		engage the audience	
General Outcome 4		4.1 Enhance and Improve	4.1 Enhance and Improve
Students will listen,		Enhance artistry	Expand knowledge of
speak, read, write,		· experiment with words,	language
view and represent to		phrases, sentences and	· choose words that capture
enhance the clarity		multimedia effects to	a particular aspect of
and artistry of		enhance meaning and	meaning and that are
communication		emphasis	appropriate for context,
			audience and purpose
			Enhance artistry
			· experiment with several
			options, such as sentence
			structures, figurative
			language and multimedia
			effects, to choose the most
			appropriate way of
			communicating ideas or
			information
4.3 Present and	· present to peers ideas and	· organize ideas and	· use various styles and
Share	information on a topic of	information in presentations	forms of presentations,
Present information	interest, in a well-organized	to maintain a clear focus and	depending on content,
r resent information	form	engage the audience	audience and purpose
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5.2 Work Within a	· take responsibility for	· accept and take	· assume a variety of roles,
Group	collaborating with others to	responsibility for fulfilling own	and share responsibilities as
Cooperate with	achieve group goals  · ask for and provide	role as a group member · discuss and decide whether	a group member
others	-		· identify and participate in
	information and assistance,	to work individually or collaboratively to achieve	situations and projects in which group work enhances
	as appropriate, for completing individual and	specific goals	learning and results
	group tasks	specific goals	learning and results
Work in groups	· share personal knowledge	· formulate questions to guide	· contribute to group
vvoik iii gi oups	of a topic to develop	research or investigations,	knowledge of topics to
	purposes for research or	with	identify and focus
	investigations and possible	attention to specific audiences	information needs, sources
	categories of questions	and purposes	and purposes for research or
	· use brainstorming,	· contribute ideas to help solve	investigations
	summarizing and reporting	problems, and listen and	· address specific problems
	to organize and carry out	respond constructively	in a group by specifying
	group projects	- copolia constructively	goals, devising alternative
	Progb broleers		solutions and choosing the
			best alternative
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#### IV. Materials:

- nutritional guides from local fast food restaurants
- advertisements for fast-food restaurants
- poster board
- markers
- calculators

#### **Technology resources:**

• Teachers may want students to create healthy meal electronic advertisement posters using KidPix, Hyperstudio, or other presentation software instead of using poster board.

#### V. Procedure:

**Pre-activities:** Students should have a basic understanding of the food pyramid and be able to perform basic addition using a calculator.

- 1. Show students advertisements from fast food restaurants. Brainstorm a list of positive information and descriptors about the food they find in the advertisements, for example: hot, juicy, crispy, biggie size, grilled, flame-broiled.
- 2. Students will be assigned to work in a cooperative group of 3–4 students. Each group will be given one nutritional information guide from a fast food restaurant, poster board, markers, and a calculator. Have groups predict which foods and drinks at their restaurant are healthy and which are unhealthy.
- 3. Groups will be instructed to analyze the nutritional data on the menus to create one healthy meal combo and one unhealthy meal combo. Then groups will create posters to advertise their healthy and unhealthy meals.
- 4. Review strategies and techniques that advertisements commonly use to attempt to convince consumers to buy their product.
- 5. Each poster will include illustrations and labels of the food items. Also, the calculated nutritional information will be noted on the poster (total calories and total fat, for example). Each poster will also include a name for their healthy/unhealthy combo and a slogan to help sell their combo to customers.
- 6. Groups will share completed posters, presenting their advertisements to the class.
- 7. Posters could be displayed in the classroom, hall, or canteen for information purposes.

#### VI. Extensions and Variations:

- Students could make graphs in math class to analyse the nutritional information further and compare the healthy meal options that each group created to identify the healthiest meal overall.
- Similarly, students could repeat the graphing activity for the unhealthy meal options to determine the most unhealthy combo or meal option of all.

#### VII. Assessment Ideas:

• Each group's completed poster should be evaluated for understanding of the calculation of nutritional content information. Also, a rubric that assesses appropriate word choice, context, audience, and purpose, and effectiveness of written and visual communication could be developed.